

COMMITTEE TITLE: Finance, Assets, Investments & Recovery Committee

DATE: 20/12/2023

REPORT TITLE:	P8 2023.24 Budget Update Report
REPORT OF:	Tim Willis, Interim Director - Resources

REPORT SUMMARY

The purpose of this report is to set out the forecast revenue and capital budget positions as at period 8 for 2023/24 and to give an overall financial update for the Council.

The commentary of the report does not attempt to cover all budgetary changes but draws attention to the key factors affecting net expenditure differences.

The General Fund is forecasting a balanced budget, this means the income generated covers the council's expenditure. The result of a balanced budget is the general fund working balance will remain unchanged.

The Housing Revenue Account (HRA) is currently forecasting a surplus position of \pounds 717k. The main cause of this underspend is due to utility bills falling. We are predicting an underspend of \pounds 644k for premises related costs, \pounds 423k specifically for utility bills. If this \pounds 717k underspend materialises it will increase the HRA's working balance or held in to reserves to pay for future developments. The Director of Housing and CLT are exploring ways to prioritise some urgent works in 23/24 to reduce this underspend by 31st March 2024.

The overall capital programme is forecast to underspend by £40mil. £20mil of this is due to the delays around the Regeneration Fund. The total underspend will be considered as slippage into next year's programme unless projects are specifically removed from the programme.

The current financial backdrop poses further financial risks to the Council's budget. It should be noted that the Local Government Association has issued a statement "The lack of funding for local services in the Autumn Statement has left councils facing a growing financial crisis and 1 in 5 council leaders & CEO are very or fairly likely to issue a section 114 in this or next financial year". This statement can be found on LGA website: www.local.gov.uk.

For Brentwood, there are further financial risks to pay inflation forecasts as well as cost pressures from the current high rates of inflation. The high inflation rates,

increasing bank rates and national living wage pressure will have further impact on the ongoing budgets.

Whilst the Council is not anticipating the need to reduce any services, the financial position will have to be monitored over the year and will make the Medium Term Financial Strategy for 2024/25 and beyond even more of a challenge.

SUPPORT ING INFORMATION

1.0 OTHER OPTIONS CONSIDERED

N/A

2. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

- 1. The report provides a financial update for the General Fund, Housing Revenue Account (HRA) and Capital Budgets for 2023/24, based on operational and financial impacts for the period April to November 2023.
- On 1st March 2023 Ordinary Council set a budget for the General Fund that forecast a £111k deficit, with this deficit to be funded from earmarked reserves. To date as at period 8 monitoring, it is now expected for there to be no deficit.
- 3. At the same meeting, the HRA budget was agreed at a net surplus of £26k. Currently the projection is that the HRA will generate a surplus of £717k.
- 4. A total capital commitment of £58.340m was approved at the same meeting. The updated forecasts shows that it is expected £18.1m will be committed this financial year.

Issue, Options and Analysis of Options

General Fund

- 5. The General Fund revenue forecast is a balanced position. Appendix A & B provides a detailed analysis of the activity making up the variance compared to the surplus set originally.
- The General Fund working Balance is forecast to remain at £2,874m as at 31st March 2024

General Fund Forecast

	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24
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	Current Budget £'000	Forecast Outturn £'000	Variance £'000
Total General Fund Net Expenditure	6,953	7,516	563
Net Non-Service	3,576	2,876	(700)
Appropriations	(110)	26	136
Total Funding	(10,308)	(10,418)	(110)
General Fund (Surplus)/Deficit	111	(0)	(111)
Working Balance B/fwd	2,874	2,874	2,874
Surplus/(Deficit) in year	(111)	(0)	111
Earmark Reserve Drawdown	111	0	(111)
Working Balance C/fwd	2,874	2,874	0

- To analyse the variances a subjective analysis per cost centre under each corporate strategy heading has been produced and can be found within Appendix A
- 8. In summary the variances caused within the General fund are associated with the following:

Growing Our Economy

- There is a total overspend of £155k within Growing our Economy. This is attributed to overspends within Planning development, planning enforcement & Land charges totalling £241k. This is partly offset by an underspend in Planning policy.
- 10. Planning enforcement have an additional temporary agency post and planning development are paying a premium for the agency staff. There is a national shortage of town planners.
- 11. As in 22/23, we are also projecting similar large expenditure on consultancy fees and other professional fees.

Protecting Our Environment

12. The Protecting our Environment overspend has reduced from Q1 from £421k to 198k.

- 13. Parking services are forecasting to under-achieve their income targets by £115k. King George's playing fields income for 2023 summer was less than 2022. This could be attributed to the wet summer. Generally, throughout the year so far, activity for our car parks is down on last year. There have also been issues with the car parking system at the multi storey car park and we will monitor how the new scheme performs. Parking have managed to partially mitigate some of this loss by finding in year efficiencies to reduce the overspend to £49k.
- 14. There is a forecast overspend of £88k for Building Control. This is due to not achieving their income targets for building regulation applications.
- 15. There have also been pressures across waste management and street services totalling £149k. Street services are currently relying on agency staff and there is also overtime being paid to permanent staff to keep up with demand. There are also pressures for premises expenditure (water bills) and supplies and services (repairs and maintenance).
- 16. There have been underspends within Protecting our Environment for Asset management & grounds maintenance.

Developing Our Communities

- 17. Developing our Communities are forecasting an overspend of £113k.
- 18.£100k is attributed to not achieving income targets for sport and social venues including the community hubs.
- 19. Golf course £26k pressure, £19k for water and then other smaller R&M pressures.

Delivering an Efficient and Effective Council

20. The cause of this overspend is mainly attributable to a £144k overspend with office accommodation. This is in relation to paying increased services charges as a result of utility bills increasing over the last year. This should be a one-off overspend as utility bills have reduced and the service charges have been reset.

Improving Housing

- 21. Improving Housing has a small underspend of £29k.
- 22. This is attributed to homelessness as well as the capitalisation of staffing costs for supporting the capital programme.

Net Non-Service Expenditure

23. Due to the capital programme slipping, the cash borrowed at 2.058% to fund the programme has been invested, with an extra £700k from Interest receivable.

Funding

24. Currently for P8 there only change is there is a small surplus for the collection fund.

Cost of Living Crisis

- 25. The financial backdrop the UK economy is facing is volatile, inflation is still way above the targeted 2%. Latest figures from the office of nation statistics show inflation is still at 4.7%. Even though inflation has fallen, it is still above the target and therefore the Bank of England have kept the interest rate at 5.25%
- 26. The Bank of England have stated higher interest rates reduce inflation by making it more expensive for people to borrow money. Higher interest rates also encourage people who can save, to save rather than spend. Together, these factors result in less spending in the economy overall.
- 27. This Council can set its pay locally, however it has followed the national joint council's pay offer of £1,925 for all staff and 3.88% salaries above approximately. £50k.
- 28. This was a similar offer to 22/23, the only difference being the 3.88% for £50k and above plus there was no additional annual leave days.

Savings & Initiatives

29. The Savings initiatives built within the MTFS are set out in the table below. They are RAG rated, Red being unachieved, and green being achieved at the time of reporting and based on current periods forecasts. These initiatives are monitored through the Council's budget monitoring process and reviewed regularly.

Proposed Saving Targets

Proposed Saving Targets	£'000	£'000	£'000
Corporate Vacancy Factor	(673)	(686)	(700)
Capitalisation Staff Costs *	(50)	(50)	(50)
One team savings	(224)	(808)	(846)
Total Efficiency Targets	(947)	(1,544)	(1,596)
Leisure Strategy Income	(175)	(175)	(175)
Service Income Generation	(80)	(80)	(80)
Total Income Generation Targets	(255)	(255)	(255)
Total Saving Targets	(1,202)	(1,799)	(1,851)

30. The savings marked amber are yet to be achieved for the following reasons:

- Inflationary increases preventing any saving.
- Delay in service delivery generating efficiencies.
- Decrease in income targets due to cost-of-living crisis.

One Team Strategic Partnership

- 31. A OneTeam Strategic Partnership was agreed at an Extraordinary Council on 25 January 2022 and led to a Joint Chief Executive/Head of Paid Service being appointed across Rochford District Council and Brentwood Borough Council with effect from 1 February 2022. A savings ambition for the Partnership has been estimated at £846k by 2025/26.
- 32. The first activity for the OneTeam Transformation Programme was the review of the senior leadership structure at Tier 2 (Strategic Director) and Tier 3 (Assistant Director/Corporate Director) levels. Appointments for new Tier 3 Director roles were made by the Chief Officer Appointments Committee on 16 June, with further appointments in November 2022 and June 2023.
- 33. There has recently been a recruitment process to fill all the remaining vacancies in CLT. When writing this report, it is still yet to be confirmed the outcome of that recruitment, however for the 20th December there should be a further update.
- 34. The tier 4 review is underway; however, it has not yet been confirmed & finalised the budgetary impact of the tier 4 review.

Collection Fund

35. The Council has a statutory requirement to operate a Collection Fund as a separate account to the General Fund. The purpose of the Collection Fund, therefore, is to isolate the income and expenditure relating to Council Tax and National Non-Domestic Business Rates. The administrative costs associated with the collection process are charged to the General Fund.

Council Tax

- 36. For 2023/24 the Council's precept upon the collection fund is £6.929m, representing 10.3% of the total Council Tax precepts upon the Collection Fund of £67.355m.
- 37. The collection rate is currently running at 97.2%. This will be monitored closely during the year for any reduction resulting from the ongoing increases in the cost of living. A significant drop in the collection rate could result in a deficit on the Collection Fund, which would be a cost to the General Fund in 2024/25.

National Non-Domestic Rates

- 38. The funding regime from NNDR income has become increasing complex in recent years. This is partly due to the granting of a range of business rates reliefs by central government, which are reimbursed to the Council via S31 grant. The reliefs include support for local businesses to help them recover from the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- 39. In addition, the Council has seen a significant decline in its NNDR tax base in recent years, due to the closure of the Ford site and the trend of office space being converted to flats.
- 40. The Council's forecast share of NNDR income for 2023/24, including S31 grants and "safety net" payment from the Essex Business rates pool, is £1.535m
- 41. The NNDR collection rate will be monitored closely during the year. Any reduction in collection rates would result in a deficit on the Collection Fund, but the impact of this upon the General Fund would be offset by additional safety net payments.

Earmarked Reserves

42. The detailed earmarked reserve balances enclosed in Appendix E. A summary is provided in the table below.

2023/24	2023/24	2023/24
Opening Balance	Forecast Balance	Movement
£'000	£'000	£'000

Mitigation	6,207	6,207	(0)
Reserves			
Service Reserves	1,932	1,795	(147)
Specific Reserves	960	677	(283)
COVID-19	373	0	(373)
Reserves			
Total Reserves	9,472	8,669	(803)

Housing Revenue Account – HRA

- 43. The Council approved an HRA budget and net surplus of £26k for 2023/24, and an HRA working Balance of £2.311m as at 31st March 2023.
- 44. The HRA in year variances for 2023/24, and resulting working balance forecast is summarised below, with further variance detail reported in Appendix A & B.

	Budget £'000	Forecast £'000	Variance £'000
Total Expenditure	12,148	11,494	(654)
Total Income	(14,447)	(14,484)	(37)
Non-Service Costs	2,273	2,273	0
Appropriations	0	0	0
(Surplus)/Deficit on HRA	(26)	(717)	(691)
Working Balance B/fwd	2,311	2,311	0
Surplus/(Deficit) in year	26	717	691
Working Balance Cfwd	2,327	3,028	691

HRA Forecast

- 45. The main variances contributing to the revised forecast of £717k, variance to budget of £691k are set out below.
- 46.£643k of the variance is in relation to premises related expenditure, £423k utility bills, £157k for council tax bills, £123k on fixtures and fittings R&M. There is a £37k overspent in relation to premises insurance premiums. There are also some smaller overspends on maintenance of grounds and building repairs.

- 47. There is also a small increase for income generated through rent and fees and charges, this variance is £37k.
- 48. All the other smaller variances are shown in appendix A & B.

Capital Programme

- 49. The current capital budget totals £58.340m. The detailed capital programme is enclosed in Appendix E.
- 50. Currently there is £41,934m of identified slippage within the current programme.
- 51. Major build work has been delayed in relation to the Strategic Housing Development Programme, with challenges encountered in identifying sufficient market interest from contractors.
- 52. The Football Hub project continues, and conversations continue with the football foundation regarding options available to the Council. A full appraisal on any scheme is required before further commitment is made.
- 53. Works for stage 1 in the Baytree Centre are delayed. The contract for building works requires procurement, with a similar issue for the works at Childerditch.
- 54. Regarding the decent homes programme, works are progressing well. The forecast shows the budget and slippage from 22/23 to be fully utilised. Slippage was not automatically carried forward. Therefore, this programme is currently showing an overspend on this programme. The slippage was not carried forward as the council would need to realign and adjust the cost-of-living crisis and rising rates. We are currently monitoring and reviewing the 23/24 forecast and will be adjusting for future reports.

3.0 FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Name & Title: Tim Willis, Director – Resources & Section 151 Officer Tel & Email: 01277 312500 / tim.willis@brentwood.rochford.gov.uk

The financial implications are contained within this report.

4.0 LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

Name & Title: Claire Mayhew, Joint Acting Director – People & Governance Tel & Email 01277 312500 / Claire.Mayhew@brentwood.gov.uk

The Council has a variety of statutory duties which it must fulfil by law. Including setting a balanced budget for each fiscal year and must take steps to monitor income and expenditure against the budget set. It cannot lawfully not to carry out those duties. Financial monitoring of the budget throughout the year complies with the duties under the Local Government Act 2003, the Housing Act 1985, the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 and the Local Government Finance Act 1992 and subsequent legislation. For other activities, the Council provides services in pursuance of a statutory power rather than a duty, and though not bound to carry out those activities, decisions about them must be taken in accordance with the decision-making requirements of administrative law

5.0 RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS: STAFFING, ICT AND ASSETS

The resource implications are contained within the report.

6.0 RELEVANT RISKS

The relevant risks are contained in the report.

7.0 ENGAGEMENT/CONSULTATION

The report has been presented to the corporate leadership team, the leader and the Chairs of Committees.

8.0 EQUALITY & HEALTH IMPLICATIONS

Name & Title: Kim Anderson, Corporate Manager - Communities, Leisure and Health

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The Public Sector Equality Duty applies to the Council when it makes decisions. The duty requires us to have regard to the need to:

- a) Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other behaviour prohibited by the Act. In summary, the Act makes discrimination etc. on the grounds of a protected characteristic unlawful
- b) Advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.
- c) Foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not, including tackling prejudice and promoting understanding.

The protected characteristics are age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, marriage and civil partnership, race, religion or belief, gender, and sexual orientation. The Act states that 'marriage and civil partnership' is not a relevant protected characteristic for (b) or (c) although it is relevant for (a).

The proposals in this report will not have a disproportionate adverse impact on anybody with a protected characteristic.

9.0 ENVIRONMENT AND CLIMATE IMPLICATIONS

Name & Title: Phil Drane, Director - Place Tel & Email 01277 312500 / phil.drane@brentwood.rochford.gov.uk

There are no direct economic implications, although it is important that the Council maintain a robust budget to inform how the Council interacts with residents, businesses, partners and customers through the provision of certain services.

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APPENDICES

- A. Revenue estimated outturn report
- B. GF 2023.24 Estimated outturn
- C. HRA 2023.24 Estimated outturn
- D. Capital 2023.24 Estimated outturn
- E. Earmarked reserves 2023.24 estimated outturn
- F. Budget guidelines for 2024/25 to 2026/27

BACKGROUND PAPERS

- 1. Q1 2023.24 Budget Update Report
- 2. Budget 2023/24 and Medium-Term Financial Strategy 01/03/2023
- 3. 2022/23 Financial Outturn 12/07/2023

SUBJECT HISTORY (last 3 years)

Council Meeting	Date
FAIR: Q1 2023.24 budget update	12/07/2023
PRED: 2022-23 Budget update	23/11/2023
PRED: 2022-23 Budget update	14/09/2023
PRED: 2022-23 Budget guidelines & forecast	13/07/2022